

Programme: B.Sc. (Chemistry)

POs:

At the time of graduation, Students would be able to

- PO1.** Critical Thinking: Take informed actions after identifying the assumptions that frame our thinking and actions, checking out the degree to which these assumptions are accurate and valid, and looking at our ideas and decisions (intellectual, organizational, and personal) from different perspectives.
- PO2.** Effective Communication: Speak, read, write and listen clearly in person and through electronic media in English and in one Indian language, and make meaning of the world by connecting people, ideas, books, media and technology.
- PO3.** Social Interaction: Elicit views of others, mediate disagreements and help reach conclusions in group settings.
- PO4.** Effective Citizenship: Demonstrate empathetic social concern and equity centred national development, and the ability to act with an informed awareness of issues and participate in civic life through volunteering.
- PO5.** Ethics: Recognize different value systems including your own, understand the moral dimensions of your decisions, and accept responsibility for them.
- PO6.** Environment and Sustainability: Understand the issues of environmental contexts and sustainable development.
- PO7.** Self-directed and Life-long Learning: Acquire the ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context socio-technological changes

PSOs:

Upon completion of the programme successfully, the learners would be able to-

1. Understand the scope, methodology and application of modern chemistry.
2. Apply theoretical and practical concepts of instruments that are commonly used in most chemistry field.
3. Plan and conduct scientific experiments and record the results of such experiments.
4. Get acquainted with safety of chemicals, transfer, and measurements of chemicals, preparation of solutions, and using physical properties to identify compounds and chemical reactions.
5. Describe how chemistry is useful to solve social, economic and environmental problem and issues facing our society in energy, medicine, and health.

Employability Potential of the Programme:

A degree in Chemistry is an intelligent choice for future employability and earning potential for

learners. Degree program with Chemistry offers the necessary knowledge, develop skills and nurture creativity to achieve success in virtually any field that's even distantly related in some way to chemistry. A degree in chemistry is recognized as a symbol of quality and commitment by employers both inside and outside the chemical industries. Chemistry provides jobs in cutting-edge technologies within science and research as well as in many fields of distant relations.

Chemistry graduates apply their skills within the areas of environmental sciences, medical fields, scientific equipment sales, science communication, teaching or academic research, a few to mention. Thus, a degree in chemistry widens numerous prospects and opportunities for a wide variety of careers in many different fields like science, research, business and health care, etc. Chemistry inculcates excellent analytical and mathematical skills, which lead to enhanced problem-solving abilities and critical thinking. This improves the likelihoods to secure job in other fields too. Some important skills and abilities honed by chemistry learners include:

- Cutting-edge scientific and numerical skills
- Curiosity to understand and solve
- Attention to collect and analyse details
- Patience and determination
- Research and development skills
- Analytical skills
- Use of ICT enabled techniques
- Written and oral communications skills

The thriving and widely recognized branches of chemistry like Organic, Inorganic, Physical, Analytical, etc. not only expand critical thinking and the ability to understand other scientific and engineering concepts more easily, but also open new horizons to pursue career in different fields. Organic chemistry offers research and development of organic materials, modify and study carbon-based materials to develop a product having a specific purpose for wider use. They also accomplish various scientific studies to identify or find applications for compounds for society. Many industries like pharmaceuticals, agriculture, paints, dyes, and many more prefer to employ organic chemists. Inorganic chemistry has a greater potential in the fields of metallurgy, synthesis of new materials from different elements, bioinorganic, etc. It focusses on solving the fundamental problems associated with structure of atoms, molecules and their properties. Analytical chemists find their role for toxicology examinations, quality control and assessment, analysis of pharmaceuticals, investigations for forensic analysis, development of equipment, etc. Analytical chemists work for a particular private or government laboratory or organization, and also develop particular specialties like food technology, forensics or toxicology, to name a few. Physical chemistry enhances critical ability and inculcates problem solving skills among the learners. All industries rely heavily on physical parameters for manufacturing and quality

assurance of products. Apart from the technical and specific skills, a chemistry graduate also acquires fundamental professional skills throughout the degree program to pursue careers not directly related to the field.

These skills include:

- Effective listening and communication skills
- Presentation and interaction skills
- Data collection, analysis and reporting skills
- Modern ICT enabled skills
- Aptitude to work proficiently independently or in a team

Future scope for B.Sc. Chemistry graduates:

- Prestigious institutions like IIT, NIT, IISER, IISc, BARC, TIFR, a few to mention, offer higher studies such M.Sc. and Ph.D.
- Likewise, foreign Universities also accept chemistry graduates for higher studies.
- Chemistry student can become small or medium scale entrepreneur (own industry).
- Union and State Public service commissions like UPSC, MPSC, Bank Probationary officers, other competitive examinations, etc. offer a multitude of jobs and positions like Drug Inspector, Lab chemist, forensic analyst, etc. for chemistry graduates.
- Students can take teaching jobs at Kendriya Vidyalaya, Navodaya Vidyalaya, High Schools after completing B.Ed. or respective eligibility criteria.
- Laboratory technician in various Public Sector Units like ONGC, IOCL, NTPC, BARC, and Private sector industries.
- Students can become Content Developer for IT industries.
- Students can become Quality Control Chemists/ Food Inspector at Food Co-operation of India, Food Safety and Standards etc
- Laboratory technicians to look after sophisticated instruments like NMR, Mass Spectrometer, UV-Visible Spectrophotometer, Single crystal machines, XRD, SEM, AAS, TEM etc. in research laboratory of academic institutions as well as private sector companies
- Research Scientist/ Operations Manager/ Chemists / Quality Manager / Research Manager at various industries like Pharmaceuticals, Cement, Plastic, Drugs, Paint, Dyes, Agricultural sector, etc.
- Employee at Security Printing and Minting co-operation of India
- Employee at Office of Controller general of Patent design and trade work

Syllabus Prescribed for Three Year UG/PG Programme
Semester 1 Code of the Course/Subject Title of the Course/Subject
CHE(1S)T Chemistry 1S

COs:

By the end of this course, the students would be able to:

1. Solve the conceptual questions using the knowledge gained by studying periodicity in atomic radii, ionic radii, ionization energy and electron affinity of elements.
2. Apply concepts of acids and bases as well as non-aqueous solvents and their industrial usage.
3. Compare different reaction intermediates, functional group chemistry through the study of methods of preparation, properties and chemical reactions with underlying mechanism.
4. Choose correct synthetic approach to prepare derivatives of industrially important molecules
5. Solve different numerical problem of varying difficulty associated with gaseous and liquid state.
6. Apply the concepts from advanced mathematics to solve the derivation of different chemical formulae.